

NINETY-THIRD YEAR.

# NOTED DEMOCRATS SPOKE AT SEDALIA.

Dockery, Cockrell and Reed  
Welcomed by Twenty  
Thousand Persons.

A MONSTER DEMONSTRATION.

Speeches on National and  
State Issues Heartily Ap-  
proved—California  
Meeting.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Sedalia, Mo., Nov. 3.—This big railroad city overflowed to-day with Democratic enthusiasm. It was the pro-election tribute of Pettis County to Alexander Dockery. Hundreds of citizens of Sedalia and visitors were massed on the station platform when the Dockery train pulled into the depot. The Second Regiment Band of Sedalia and the flambau clubs of Ottumwa and Saco, Springs participated in the welcome. Continuous cheering met Mr. Dockery when he stepped from the train. He was escorted in procession to the Courthouse, where Senator F. M. Cockrell was speaking.

He walked in the center of the street, surrounded by S. H. Beller, ex-Mayor Overstreet, Joseph P. Herrington, Colonel T. F. Mitchell, Doctor W. N. Graham, Alexander J. C. Hatton, Circuit Judge George F. Longman and a large number of other citizens.

Thronged of visitors came in from all parts of the county during the day. There were men from Lamotte, headed by Lon Luther and R. E. Guthrie, from Green Ridge, headed by E. E. Phillips, from Smithton, headed by Richard Taylor, from Hamilton, headed by J. G. Senior and Doctor J. T. Brown, and from Longwood, led by E. F. Scott. The crowds listened to an eloquent address by Senator F. M. Cockrell in the big courtroom during the afternoon. They viewed the big flambau parade after nightfall and heard the eloquent speeches of Mr. Dockery and Mayor Reed of Kansas City after the parade.

Twenty Thousand Present.

It was the biggest demonstration of the campaign outside of the moving night at the Kansas City Convention Hall. About 20,000 persons crowded the streets for a distance of five blocks from the Courthouse, where the two principal meetings were held. An hour before the speaking began every available inch of space in the two big courtrooms was filled. They sacrificed a sight of the brilliant flambau spectacle in order to hold their places.

Joseph Flory, assisted by other Republican speakers, held a meeting here last week. A big and well-organized flambau club and a high-class band were engaged and everything was done to attract spectators. Those who saw both demonstrations declare that the Democratic gathering was five times as large as the Republican one.

Joseph H. Rodas presided at the Dockery meeting, and W. D. Steele, at that addressed by Mayor Reed. The Sedalia Democratic Club, composed of Brown Harris, Edward Lyons, Carl Barnett, Theodore Drucelli and F. K. Tuttle, supplied campaign music to both meetings.

Mayor Reed spoke eloquently on national issues and Mr. Dockery discussed both State and Federal questions.

"There is reason," said Mr. Dockery, "for the practical unanimity with which the Irish-Americans, regardless of previous party affiliations, are opposing the reelection of McKinley. They see the unbroken partiality of McKinley's regime for Great Britain.

"They can point to the Nicaragua Canal treaty, which seeks to allow England an equal voice with the United States in the control of that canal. They can point to the treatment of Boers by Secretary of State Hay. They can point to the cession of a large territory in Alaska by McKinley to Great Britain in order to avoid a disturbance of Anglo-American entente.

"Irish-Americans want an American President, who will follow the doctrine enunciated by Thomas Jefferson of friendship for all nations, entangling alliances with none. Irish-Americans are not alone in this desire. It is shared by foreign-born and na-

## WORD OF WARNING ON LEGISLATURE.

"Watch closely, Democrats of Missouri, that you elect your candidates to the next State Legislature. The Republican leaders in Missouri have fixed their eyes on that body. Their instincts have led them to hope that death will create a vacancy in Missouri's representation in the United States Senate within the next two years. United States Senators are elected by the State Legislature. In joint session, and the control of Missouri's Legislature by the Republicans would mean a Republican United States Senator from Missouri."

Alexander Dockery, in a speech at Sedalia.

Five Americans alike. William Jennings Bryan, American, believes in a man.

Meeting at California.

An enthusiastic demonstration, in which Cooper, Messers, Miller, Cole and Montague counties took part, greeted Mr. Dockery at California this morning. He reached that city unharmed at 3 a. m. on a fast train that stopped there on special order.

In some way the sleeping city found out that he had arrived and numbers of enthusiasts fired off revolvers and whistles as a salvo. Almost every vehicle in the city, from the hotel bus to the drays and delivery wagons, was decorated, and elaborate decorations covered the fronts of homes and stores alike.

A big daylight parade occupied the early morning. It contained a large number of decorated families, conveyances, and any which has yet greeted Mr. Dockery. Some of the vehicles were artistic dreams. One survey, which carried Mrs. E. A. Rice and Misses Kate and Nellie Rice, was a nest of roses, white, horses, harness, wheels and bed, the attire of the occupants and the parolists they carried, all were white. A boy and girl on horseback, riding side by side, John Gray and Laura Crain, were dressed as Uncle Sam and Columbia. Three big floats, each drawn by four horses, carried some eighty young girls in Grecian gowns and sandals. Two of these floats carried a big blue club, which sang patriotic songs and cheered for Dockery.

The California Military Band, Democratic Flambau Club and drum corps and a long line of riders completed the parade. Mr. Dockery occupied a decorated carriage with chairman J. D. Taylor, T. J. Buchanan, J. K. Volck, J. L. Hendon and N. C. Hillekeox. It had been planned that Mr. Dockery should speak in the open air on a big lot near the station and a stand had been erected and decorated. Mr. Dockery's voice, however, compelled him to speak indoors.

The open-house, the largest auditorium in the city, was entirely too small for the crowd that thronged to hear the speech. It seats probably 80 persons, but over 1,500 crowded stage, aisles and galleries.

The audience was so demonstratively enthusiastic that Mr. Dockery continued his address until he had barely time to catch his train. He made a logical, eloquent presentation of the sins of McKinley's administration and the campaign of misrepresentation made by the Republican leaders in Missouri.

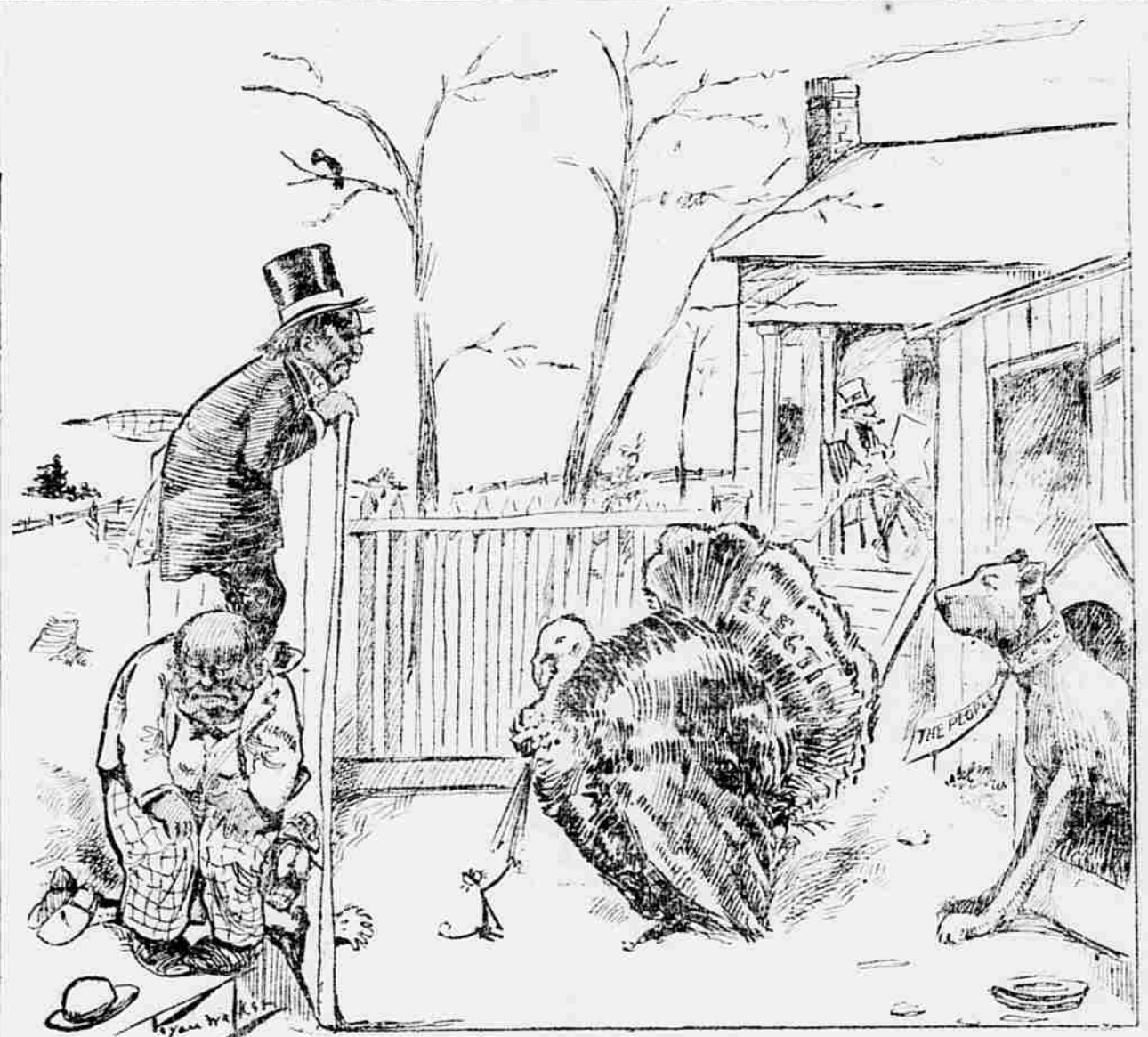
"In the great parade I reviewed at Montgomery City," he said, "there was a float entitled 'Missouri Situation,' which seemed to me to hit the nail squarely on the head, and it showed a cortege of Republican officeholders in St. Louis, who had just emptied the St. Louis City Treasury showing 'Let us get at the Jefferson City books.'

"That is the situation. The same leaders who have spent all the revenues of the State for the salaries of needless officeholders, who have thrown that city into darkness, left its streets uncleaned and its hospitals and eleemosynary institutions unprovided for, ask to be put in charge of affairs at national level.

"Compare the record of Democrats at Jefferson City with the record of Republicans at St. Louis and ask yourselves which you prefer."

Mr. Dockery and a number of dispirited fireworkers by the California Flambau clubs completed the programme. The speakers at the afternoon and evening meetings were James R. Waddill and Mack Bell.

JOHN C. LEBENS.



THE INTERVENING WATCHDOG.

# MANAGERS OF CAMPAIGN TELL WHY THEY EXPECT VICTORY AT THE POLLS.

Jones Says Coercion  
Will Not Prevail  
and Bryan Has  
Won.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Chairman Jones of the Democratic National Committee furnished the Associated Press tonight with the following statement covering the outlook for his standpoint:

"The fight is won. Bryan and Stevenson will be elected. The Democratic majority in the Electoral College will be ample. The Democrats will hold all the States they carried in 1896, with the possible exception of Wyoming. We will also carry New York, New Jersey, Maryland, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, Ohio and Illinois. The chairman of the State Committee of California has just wired me that we will carry that State by 100,000 majority."

"In a general way, I should say that there will be somewhat of a falling off of Bryan's strength compared with 1896 west of the Mississippi, and that east of the Mississippi he will make overwhelming gains. The campaign has been a spirited one from the start. The Democrats were somewhat handicapped for want of funds, while the Republicans are four years ago, carried by the voters in at states. Whether the trusts shall govern the country or the country regulate the trusts must be decided."

"It will be found when the vote is counted that the people have determined with emphasis that the Republic must be preserved; that the power of the trusts must be curbed; that the man is to be considered before the dollar; and that the voice of the people cannot be suppressed by attempted intimidation or corruption."

"The States that will vote for Mr. Bryan are: California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming. The States that will vote for McKinley are: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming."

JOHN C. LEBENS.

Payne Is Counting  
on Gains in the  
West for Mc-  
Kinley.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Henry C. Payne, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican National Committee, furnished the Associated Press tonight with the following statement giving the outlook for Tuesday from the Republican standpoint:

"Our latest address from New York are conclusive that the State will give a large majority for McKinley. The local conditions in Greater New York, well known to the country, will increase Mr. Bryan's vote in that metropolis, but we believe that a majority for McKinley in the State is a most conservative estimate."

"During the campaign there may have been some question as to the result in Maryland. Mr. Bryan's visit to that State was injurious to his cause, and there have been in the last three weeks a great revival of feeling among the farmers and Democrats, especially in Baltimore, which presages a majority for McKinley of between 5,000 and 10,000."

"As to Ohio, while there may be some loss in Cuyahoga County and Cleveland, and perhaps one or two of the other large cities, this will be more than made up in the rural districts of the State. We predict with the greatest confidence a larger majority in the State than was given in 1896."

Great Fight in Indiana.

"Unfortunately Indiana has been the great battleground in the States of the Middle West. Every vote has been thoroughly contested. The Republicans will suffer losses in a few of the larger cities, but there will be gains among the farmers. The first vote of the young men of the State are almost unanimously supporting McKinley and Roosevelt. It is understood in Indiana that the majority for the Republican ticket will be in excess of 20,000."

"In the Rocky Mountain States, those that four years ago went almost solidly for Bryan, there has been a revolution in public sentiment, and it will not be surprising if all or nearly all of them reverse their position of four years ago. It is as certain as anything can be that Kansas, Wyoming, South Dakota and Washington will be carried by the Republicans by a decisive majority, and the States of Nebraska, Utah and Nevada are more likely to give their votes to McKinley than to Bryan."

"The results of the campaign indicate clearly that the administration of President McKinley will be sustained by the people and that he will secure a larger vote than in 1896, both of the popular vote and the Electoral College."

Mr. Payne claims 24 votes in the Electoral College as safely Republican, and fourteen more votes as probably Republican. He concedes Mr. Bryan 12 votes, and the balance probably Democratic. Missouri is classed as probably Democratic.

Edmisten Declares  
Manhood Has Tri-  
umphed Over  
Corruption.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 3.—The officers of the Populist National Committee tonight gave out the following forecast of Tuesday's election:

"Headquarters Populist Party National Executive Committee, Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 3, 1900.—The Populist party expects every one of its members to do his full duty. The National Committee has made every effort in its power and the responsibility now rests with the precinct committees and the individual voter."

"We request all our people to cast their votes before noon, so that in the afternoon they can get the laggard voters to the polls and look out for EDMISTEN."

"We counsel all our workers to see that the election is carried on in a fair and orderly manner, at the same time, we insist that you stand up for your rights. Have several noisy and determined watchmen at every polling place to see that no illegal votes are cast; to see that every man votes who has the right to do so, and to see that there is no honest count."

"Be ready to maintain your rights. All we ask is fair play, and we ask all our workers to see that this is accorded us."

"We have received unmistakable evidence that the Republican Committee is distributing a large corruption fund in every Western State. There are one or two agents in every precinct to handle Republican bores. We ask you to locate these men, keep your eyes on them, and if they are caught attempting to bribe a voter, or trying to influence an election board, that they be dealt with as the case demands."

Will Fight Corruption.

"The reform forces of the country have won this election, and we propose to maintain our ground and to see that the will of the people is reflected."

"The time has come for American manhood to assert itself, and to rule the country instead of money, intimidation and fraud."

"We have every confidence of the result. We will hold our own and make gains west of the Mississippi, and east of the Mississippi there will be a landslide that will place Mr. Bryan in the White House. We are at the dawn of the new century, and above the sunrise shines the star of victory. Yours for the Republic."

J. H. EDMISTEN, Chairman.

"A. EDMISTEN, Secretary."

In addition, Mr. Edmisten, who is chairman of the State Committee, summed up conditions in Nebraska. He predicted a plurality of 15,000 for Bryan; said the Populists would elect every State officer; would control the Legislature, and win in four of the six congressional districts, and perhaps in all six.

This, Mr. Edmisten said, was a conservative estimate.

# COOK COUNTY SWEPT BY DEMOCRATIC WAVE.

Pickering Says It Means Great Majority  
There for Bryan and Alschuler.

Evidences of a Landslide Apparent on All Sides in Chicago—  
Immense Street Parade—Alschuler Tours  
Home County.

CHICAGO SPECIAL.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 3.—There isn't any doubt about what Cook County will do next Tuesday.

It will fall up a great majority for Bryan and the Democratic ticket all along the line. Evidences of a landslide are apparent on all sides in Chicago tonight. The majority won't be less than 25,000 in Cook County, and like a magnificent tidal wave, it will sweep all across the northern part of the State. The more enthusiastic Democrats claim 30,000.

To-night's immense demonstration in honor of Bryan and Alschuler was composed for the most part of union labor and what a mighty host. The main downtown streets were jammed before 7 o'clock, and the strict police regulations were enforced from 7:30 until after midnight. The procession was started on the long journey. No possible estimate can be made of the procession tonight. The wildest scenes fill the streets. Men hug each other in their frantic delight. The revelers are filled with cheering laborers and mechanics who take the most absurd means of asserting their freedom from the coercion of their employers. Hundreds loudly acknowledge that they were ordered to march in the Hanna procession last Saturday and are happy in the fact that they are giving vent tonight to their true sentiments.

Some of the revelers would not look well in print, yet, I haven't seen one drunken man.

It is an exemplification of the return to freedom and liberty of a people who have been curbed and bullied and held in thrall for four years. Many of them have taken desperate chances, and some may lose their positions.

But they are here for one night. The scene around the City Hall is past description.

And there are fireworks and red fire and blazing of torches and deafening and all that on every downtown street.

But there is not an organized club, or a delegation of any kind outside the limits of the city of Chicago. It is purely a Chicago affair, and Chicago Democrats are proud of it.

Mr. Alschuler received as many plaudits as Mr. Bryan. Honors were easy between them.

When they met on the big reviewing platform Mr. Bryan laughingly remarked to the Illinois leader:

"They tell me, Alschuler, that you have become quite an expert in the speechmaking line, or that if you had another campaign you might actually appear in a joint debate with Mr. Yates." There was a laugh at the rally, but when Mr. Alschuler instantly responded, the merriment was turned the other way.

"That may be," and his mouth broadened into a grin, "but Mr. Yates has never claimed that he got the better of me in a joint debate," referring to a college debating society, years ago, when Mr. Bryan and Mr. Yates were opponents and the latter claimed the honors.

Alschuler in Kane County.

Mr. Alschuler made a tour of his home county of Kane, today, in a special train provided by the Kane County population now living in Chicago. It was a novelty to Mr. Alschuler, being the first experience he has had with a special. It consisted of six coaches and over 200 Cook County friends accompanied him on a trip during which 15 miles were covered and speeches delivered at Aurora, Batavia, West Chicago, Geneva, Elmhurst, Gilberts, Dundee and Elgin. A stranger accompanying the train would have supposed every vote in Kane County was for Mr. Alschuler, so great were the crowds and so intense the enthusiasm for the candidate. But the Kane County Republicans will not desert their party name, however much they admire the Democratic leader. The county gave McKinley a majority of about 8,000, the largest by long odds in the State excepting Cook County.

All of them are friends of Alschuler, however, and today he refused to talk party politics. It was a kind of half farewell, and may be the last time Mr. Alschuler will see the county. No difference how the battle of the ballots result.

Sentiment of Railroad Men.

At West Chicago, where three important branches of the Northwestern Railroad radiate in different directions, an employee of that road, after shaking Mr. Alschuler's hand, remarked that this was a year when the railroad men could talk politics as they pleased and vote as they pleased.

"It was a little bit different four years ago," said he. "Now we can be Democrats openly and can vote the ticket. Why, Mr. Alschuler, I don't see the difference of the road told me a few days ago that he intended to vote for Bryan and Alschuler, and he told me in a way that was just as good as to say that he preferred Bryan to McKinley, and the manner in which he bared down on your name convinced me that you are the candidate for Governor he likes best. There are thousands of the Northwestern men who will vote for Bryan and Alschuler in the Legislature."

The speeches of to-day are mainly among the dairymen of the Northern Illinois—the men who supply Chicago with all its milk and cream. They are the dairy papers of Chicago have been booming Mr. Alschuler for some time, and insisting that the farmers and dairymen of Illinois owe him their votes and support for his able and vigorous championing of their interests in the Legislature.

J. L. PICKERING.

Immensely Democratic Parade.

The Democratic leaders promised a parade of 10,000 or more.

Over 20,000 have already passed the Sherman House, and the word has just reached headquarters that not half the marchers have started on the long journey. No possible estimate can be made of the procession tonight. The wildest scenes fill the streets. Men hug each other in their frantic delight. The revelers are filled with cheering laborers and mechanics who take the most absurd means of asserting their freedom from the coercion of their employers. Hundreds loudly acknowledge that they were ordered to march in the Hanna procession last Saturday and are happy in the fact that they are giving vent tonight to their true sentiments.

Some of the revelers would not look well in print, yet, I haven't seen one drunken man.

It is an exemplification of the return to freedom and liberty of a people who have been curbed and bullied and held in thrall for four years. Many of them have taken desperate chances, and some may lose their positions.

But they are here for one night. The scene around the City Hall is past description.

And there are fireworks and red fire and blazing of torches and deafening and all that on every downtown street.

But there is not an organized club, or a delegation of any kind outside the limits of the city of Chicago. It is purely a Chicago affair, and Chicago Democrats are proud of it.

Mr. Alschuler received as many plaudits as Mr. Bryan. Honors were easy between them.

When they met on the big reviewing platform Mr. Bryan laughingly remarked to the Illinois leader:

BRYAN'S FIGHT FOR PRESIDENCY  
PRACTICALLY CLOSED YESTERDAY.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—With four addresses in Chicago and one at Harvey, William Jennings Bryan to-day practically closed his long campaigning in the struggle for the presidency. To-night from in front of the Union League Club on Jackson boulevard Mr. Bryan reviewed, among a din of cannon and glare of fireworks, an immense parade of Democrats, which marked the close of the campaign in Chicago, and late tonight he left over the Burlington road for his home in Lincoln, where, with his family, he will receive election returns next Tuesday.

Today, the third of Mr. Bryan's speechmaking in Chicago, was marked by tremendous crowds at each of the five meetings addressed by him, and the parade tonight developed into one long ovation, the cheering for the Democratic presidential candidate being almost incessant from the time he stepped onto the reviewing stand until, rather weary from his arduous work of the past three days, he stepped into his carriage and was driven to the Union Station.

At noon today the Trojans Club gave a banquet in honor of Mr. Bryan at which many of the members who opposed him in 1896 pledged him support on next Tuesday. At 10 o'clock Mr. Bryan began his day's speechmaking, a big open meeting in front of the Transit Hotel, Forty-second and Chestnut streets, the center of the Stock Yards district. Three other meetings were also addressed by Bryan during the afternoon. At 2:30 p. m. he spoke at the Calumet Hotel at Maxwell and Union streets. At 4 p. m. he addressed an open-air meeting on the Lake Front, Washington street and Michigan avenue.

From there Mr. Bryan took a suburban train to Harvey, where he addressed a big meeting of foundrymen and mill hands. The final meeting of the day, and the last of Mr. Bryan's remarkable campaign, outside of his own State, was at the Calumet Theater, in South Chicago. From there Mr. Bryan went at once to the reviewing stand on Jackson boulevard, where for over an hour he stood and bowed as the hosts of Democracy marched by and cheered their leader.

# LEADING TOPICS IN TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC.

- PART I.

1. Monster Demonstration at Sedalia. Campaign Managers Expect Victory. Cook County Swept by Democratic Wave.

2. Great Political Campaign Closes.

3. Thanksgiving Proclamation.

4. Girls as Political Orators. State Federation of Women's Clubs.

5. To Teach Africans to Cultivate Cotton. Weather Report.

6. The Letters Spoiled His Bliss. Haunted Himself with Ghosts.

7. Harvard Won Brilliant Victory. Marion Sims Beat C. B. C.

8. Race-Track Results. Stuckey Leads in Republic Trophy.

9. The Railroads. Say Flory Won't Get Party Labor Vote.

10. News of the Old World by Cable to the Republic.

11. Creelman on the Result of Tuesday's Election. Jones's Confession May Be Used. Marchers Cheered for Bryan.

PART II.

1. Situation on Eve of Election.

2. Girls for Bryan. Will Head North Pole Expedition. Tragic Story of a Man With Two Wives. Girl Keeps Rees and Goes to College.

3. Comment on Plays. Costuming of Characters in Shakespeare's Day. Stage Humor: Sixth Crop.

4. Trainer Wishard a Regular Wizard. "Kid" McCoy Looking for a "Soft Mark." Bowling Averages.
5. One-Year Rule in St. Louis Football. Turkey's Turn Bet in Missouri. Albert Sharpe, Yale's All-Around Athlete.

6. Editorial. Ex-Superintendent Shannon on the School Fund. Benefits of the World's Fair.

7. Marriages and Deaths. Beethoven's Revel of Five Rock Springs Girls. Difficult Tangle of Property Interests. Aged Jockey Rides Spiritually Horses.

8. Active Work Among the Fraternities. Orders.

PART III.

1. Does Success Mean Ruin to Many Stage Favorites? Bryan's Warning to American People. Millions for a Dental Museum.

2. Society News Notes.

3. A Republican Predicts Bryan's Election.

4. All Fave. World's Fair. Prominent Republican Out for Bryan.

5. Financial and Commercial.

6. Record of Births, Marriages, Deaths. Republic Want Advertisements.

7. Republic Want Advertisements.

8. Rent Lists and For Sale Advertisements.

9. Rent Lists and For Sale Advertisements.

10. Miscellaneous Want Advertisements.

11. River News. Nordica to Make a Flying Trip.

12. Week's Record in Real Estate.

PART IV.

Magazine Section.

# BURGER BADS WEARING OUT BRITISH IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Continued Harassments, Coupled With Rainy Season, Have  
Decimated Lord Roberts's Forces—Europe Pre-  
pares to Receive Kruger.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Paris, Nov. 3.—(Copyright, 1900, by W. R. Hearst.)—The arrival of former President Kruger in France is the topic of the hour, especially on account of the anti-English feeling it will arouse.

Kruger will be in Paris about November 15. He will stay at the Hotel Scribe and will call upon Loubet, who will return the visit. It is believed that Kruger will be received semi-officially, in which case a protest is expected from England, which will consider it an unfriendly act.

The Transvaal exhibit at the exhibition will remain open to be the scene of a demonstration when Kruger visits it. The Queen of Holland has been paying the way for a friendly reception to Kruger in the French Foreign Office. She has conferred on Delcasse the Grand Cross of the Lion of Holland, one of the highest in the country. Doctor Leyds is now in Paris. He said today:

"The President's visit to Europe is sure to be beneficial to the cause of the Transvaal Republics. I cannot say for a certainty whether or not Mr. Kruger will visit the United States of America. I know that an overwhelming majority of the American people are on our side, although the administration has treated us coldly. Bryan is exceedingly friendly; so is Holland, while the German people are with us, no matter what the Kaiser may say, and Russia strongly sympathizes with us."

"The Boers are more active now than they have been for a long time. Their activity is particularly strong around Pretoria. This is why Lord Roberts will not return at present."

"Long forced marches are wearing out the English troops; the rainy season has arrived and this is unfavorable to the British operations. There are symptoms of rebellion in Cape Colony. While the towns are mainly English, the farmers are mainly Dutch and sympathetic with the republics."

"The English army is sick. Look at the list of casualties published daily and you will see that the war is far from an end. Our men capture enough clothing and ammunition to keep them supplied; hence the question of the commissariat is of no consequence."

"Those of our people who surrender are sent to Helms or Ceylon; our women and children are maltreated; our farms ruined, our homes burned—why should we not fight to the end?"

EIGHT MORE SKIRMISHES.

London, Nov. 3.—Lord Roberts, in a dispatch from Johannesburg dated Nov. 2, reports less than eight fights at different points, all of them, but significant of the activity of the Boers.

General Kitchener, after a night march, surprised Scheeman's laager at Steenkampskop, and then pushed on to Schalk-Burgers laager at Roodkranz. But, the British were prevented from following up the Boers, who trekked north.

Prisoners in the hands of the British say the Boer losses in the fight with General Barton, October 25, were 100 killed, wounded or missing.

Lord Roberts sends from Pretoria a striking appeal to his countrymen to refrain from turning the homecoming of troops into a drunken orgy. He expresses the sincere hope that the welcome will not take the form of treating the stimulants and "this head to excesses that will tend to degrade those whom the nation delights to honor and lower the soldiers of the Queen in the eyes of the world, which has watched with undisguised admiration the grand work they have performed for their sovereign and country."

GAMBLER ALAY A FORTUNE.

"Prince of Chihuahua" Lost \$25,000 in Mexican Money in a Night.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 3.—Don Luis Terrazas, the so-called "Prince of Chihuahua," son of the multi-millionaire, ex-Governor Terrazas of Chihuahua, Mexico, came to town yesterday and by midnight last night had lost \$25,000 in Mexican money on the roulette wheel. Young Terrazas played the colors only and wagered \$100 on each turn of the wheel. He watched the size of his pile diminish without a change of countenance, and finally at midnight left the table saying he had no more cash about him.

Don Luis Terrazas has unlimited wealth at his disposal and has been known to lose \$50,000 at a single night's gambling without uttering a regret.

# SAY VALET JONES BOUGHT THE POISON.

Police Claim to Have Made Important Step in Rice Case.

New York, Nov. 3.—The police have learned that the tablets of bichloride of mercury, prescribed by Doctor William T. Hall as an antiseptic lotion at the time he performed an operation for cancer on Mr. Rice's face, were purchased by Valet Jones at the drug store of Charles H. White, say on Madison avenue.

These tablets are held to establish the connecting link between Jones's statement that Lawyer Patrick gave him gray tablets and the finding of bichloride of mercury in Mr. Rice's organs under chemical analysis. Attorney House again today expressed his opinion of what he terms a systematic persecution of the accused men on the part of the Police Department.

"My clients have been humiliated since the day of their arrest," said the lawyer, "and the police have finally succeeded in getting from the weak Jones a statement which they hope to use in convicting the two."

"Patrick says it is a tissue of vagaries and will make no public denial of so absurd a story."

# SHADOW OF WAR LIES OVER BRITAIN.

Conviction General That Nation  
Must Soon Fight a Big  
Power.

London, Nov. 3.—George J. Goschen, the retiring first Lord of the Admiralty, it is said, has let the British squadron in the Far East be outnumbered by the Germans, and the British fleet in the Mediterranean is asserted to be far below the necessary strength, without coal stores and bases, while the home dock yards are congested with reserve ships that cannot be kept in good order and an effective mobilization at short notice is out of the question.

Captain Cochrane, with convincing detail, has shown how comparatively easy it would be for France to land several hundred thousand men in England, basing his belief on the landing of the American troops near Santiago, and marching them on London before the whole mobilization scheme could be put in action.

Throughout these articles there is the evident conviction that Great Britain must soon fight one of the great Powers.

The shadow of that struggle already over-rides the land which is not moving hand or foot to meet the pending crisis.

# SAVED A FAMILY FROM FLAMES.

Thomas Grady Rescued Little Estelle Filstadt From Burning Home—Her Clothes Singed.

Had it not been for the timely action of Thomas Grady of No. 137 Grattan street, who dashed into the burning house of Charles Filstadt, in the rear of No. 165 South Twelfth street, and aroused Filstadt, his wife and three children from their slumber, loss of life might have attended the burning of the residence of Francis Motoushek, the "King of Bohemia," last night.

Grady entered the alley in the rear of the burning building and perceived that Filstadt's house was also in flames. Dashing up the steps to the second story, he roused the family and caught up Estelle, the 8-year-old daughter of Filstadt, and carried her down the stairway, which was also in flames.

While endeavoring to force an entrance through the door, Henry Bart of Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, accidentally struck Joseph Swartz of Engine Company No. 1, a flaming blow on the shoulder with an ax. The injured fireman was removed to his home. Matoushek last night estimated his loss at about \$10,000 to stock and building. It was insured for \$15,000.